REAL PROPERTY ASSESSMENT DIVISION

ASSESSMENT TRAINING

BOARD OF REVIEW

Systematic Mass Appraisal Expertise

The assessor's ultimate goal is a transparent, accurate, fair and equitable assessment for every property.

taxpayer's interest = community interest (not over valued) (not under valued)

Systematic Mass Appraisal Expertise

The Real Property Assessment Division (The Division) was awarded the Certificate of Excellence in Assessment Administration (CEAA) from the IAAO in 2018.

The CEAA recognizes jurisdictions that utilize best appraisal and assessment practices in their offices.

- Each appraiser values between 7,000 and 14,000 parcels annually.
- The Division valued over 75,000 parcels this year.
- The Division has well trained, experienced staff who take great pride in their work.
- The staff must follow the county code, industry standards, and accepted appraisal and assessment methodology.
- Professional staff complete at least 14 hours of continuing education per year which is equivalent to our private sector counterparts.

Professional staff are members of the International Association of Assessing Officers (IAAO)

IAAO Mission Statement

IAAO is a global community of diverse mass appraisal professionals advancing fair and equitable property appraisal, assessment administration, and property tax policy through professional development, research, standards, and technical assistance.

Staff are unbiased, follow the Maui County Code, and adhere to ethical standards.

Assessor – Marcy Martin, AAS

- 9 years of private appraisal experience
- 21 years of assessment experience
- O Assessment Administration Specialist (AAS) designation from the International Association of Assessing Officers (IAAO) recognizes professionalism and competency in administration of a variety of functions for property tax purposes.
- State of Hawaii Certified Residential Appraiser since 1994, licensed since 1992

Melvina Kanaha, Supervising RP Tax Clerk

O 32 years of experience

Appraisal Supervisors

25 combined years of assessment experience

Kari Stockwell, Property Technical Officer

15 years of assessment experience

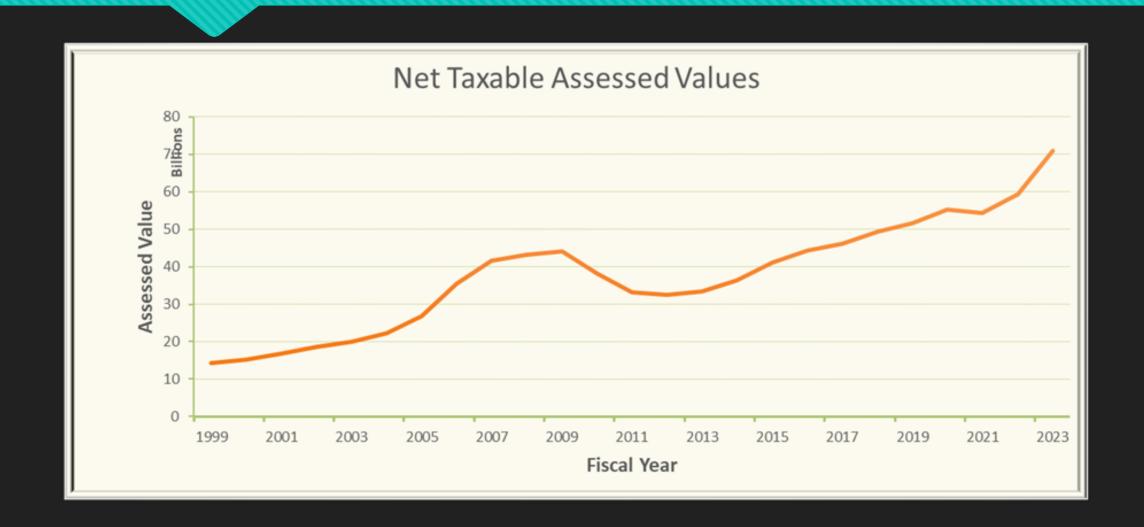
The Division defended 96% of the valuation in dispute last year.

- O54 Settled
- O32 Withdrawn
- 01,221 Division won at BOR
- O 19 Value reductions at BOR

Values have increased dramatically over the past two years due to high demand for real estate.

- Assessed values are as of June 30, 2022.
- O Values were derived using recent, similar sales that recorded up to 6/30/22.
- Sales between 1/1/22 and 6/30/22 (most recent 6 months of sales) were given most weight due to the increasing market conditions.

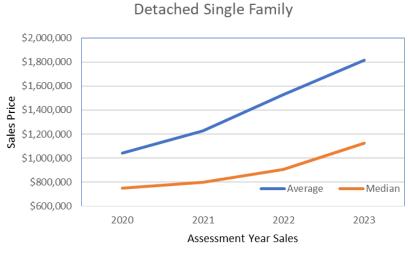












The charts in the prior slides show a compilation of market data indicating value increases.

Actual sales and resales (paired sales) are used to derive upward market condition adjustments.

For example, this non-owner-occupied condominium unit in Wailea sold 3 times in one month for a total price increase of \$532,000 or 33%.

O The assessed value will be closer to the most recent sale as opposed to the first sale.

Sale Date	Price	% Change	Assessed Value
7/2/2021	1,598,000		
7/13/2021	1,950,000	22%	
7/22/2021	2,130,000	9%	2,148,850

These sales and resales of the same TMK, during the current sales period, illustrate increasing sales prices. This shows the importance of weighting recent sales.

							Months			Change
		Comp	1st Sale	2nd Sale	1st Sale	2nd Sale	between		%	per
Location	Class	#	Date	Date	Price	Price	sales	\$ change	Change	month
Up Country	NOO	1	7/30/2021	10/29/2021	729,000	925,000	3.0	196,000	27%	9%
Kaanapali	TVR	2	8/13/2021	1/12/2022	1,430,000	1,800,000	5.1	370,000	26%	5%
Wailuku	00	3	11/24/2021	2/14/2022	225,000	420,000	2.7	195,000	87%	32%
Wailea	TVR	4	8/2/2021	3/4/2022	5,995,000	7,900,000	7.1	1,905,000	32%	4%
Wailea	TVR	5	9/28/2021	4/11/2022	1,000,000	1,400,000	6.5	400,000	40%	6%
Lahaina	TVR	6	10/29/2021	4/18/2022	1,266,150	1,650,000	5.7	383,850	30%	5%
Kihei	TVR	7	10/21/2021	6/1/2022	662,500	830,000	7.4	167,500	25%	3%
Kihei	NOO	8	9/20/2021	6/6/2022	480,000	585,000	8.6	105,000	22%	3%
Kihei	TVR	9	9/1/2021	6/23/2022	520,000	685,000	9.8	165,000	32%	3%
Average									36%	8%
Median									30%	5%

								Change			
	Comp	1st Sale	2nd Sale	1st Sale	2nd Sale		%	per	Assessed	1st Sale	2nd Sale
Location	#	Date	Date	Price	Price	\$ change	Change	month	Value	Ratio	Ratio
Up Country	1	7/30/2021	10/29/2021	729,000	925,000	196,000	27%	9%	985,660	1.35	1.07
Kaanapali	2	8/13/2021	1/12/2022	1,430,000	1,800,000	370,000	26%	5%	1,814,500	1.27	1.01
Wailuku	3	11/24/2021	2/14/2022	225,000	420,000	195,000	87%	32%	409,770	1.82	0.98
Wailea	4	8/2/2021	3/4/2022	5,995,000	7,900,000	1,905,000	32%	4%	7,902,600	1.32	1.00
Wailea	5	9/28/2021	4/11/2022	1,000,000	1,400,000	400,000	40%	6%	1,368,940	1.37	0.98
Lahaina	6	10/29/2021	4/18/2022	1,266,150	1,650,000	383,850	30%	5%	1,708,810	1.35	1.04
Kihei	7	10/21/2021	6/1/2022	662,500	830,000	167,500	25%	3%	815,290	1.23	0.98
Kihei	8	9/20/2021	6/6/2022	480,000	585,000	105,000	22%	3%	608,810	1.27	1.04
Kihei	9	9/1/2021	6/23/2022	520,000	685,000	165,000	32%	3%	597,880	1.15	0.87
Average							36%	8%		135%	100%
Median	_						30%	5%		132%	100%

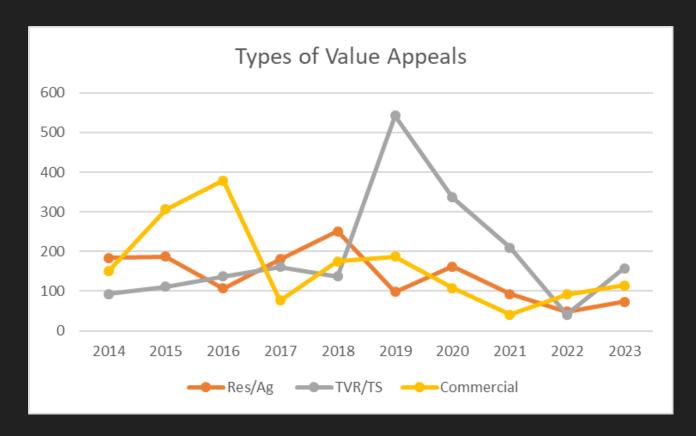
- The valuation date for the 2023 assessment is June 30, 2022.
 - O The Division must use the most recent, similar sales to derive assessments for January 1, 2023.
- MCC requires that properties be valued at fair market value.
- O If you refer back to page 15, the ratios from the 1st sale column do not meet code requirements (+/- 20% of market value).
 - \bigcirc These properties would be over assessed by an average of +35% and a median of +32%.

- The ratios from the 2nd sale column meet assessment and appraisal standards as well as requirements of the Maui County Code.
- Staff must follow the code.
- To meet uniformity requirements, every property must be valued as of the same date.
- O If you review the ratios, you will see that the oldest sale (comp 1) has the highest ratio.
 - O Data shows us that values increased between 10/21/2021 and 6/30/2022 (comps 3, 6, 7).

Assessed values were well received this year.

			Value Appeal Class Breakdown				
				Percent of			
		Total	Number	parcels			
	Parcel	Value	of Value	with value			
Year	Total	Increase	Appeals	appeals	Res/Ag	TVR/TS	Commercial
2014	71,907	9%	427	0.6%	184	93	150
2015	71,992	13%	604	0.8%	187	111	306
2016	72,421	8%	623	0.9%	107	137	379
2017	73,418	4%	419	0.6%	181	161	77
2018	74,000	7%	563	0.8%	251	137	175
2019	74,471	5%	828	1.1%	98	543	187
2020	74,456	7%	607	0.8%	162	337	108
2021	74,845	-2%	344	0.5%	93	210	41
2022	75,018	9%	181	0.2%	48	41	92
2023	75,320	20%	345	0.5%	73	158	114

The number of valuation appeals was typical this year.



The director must cause the fair market value of all taxable real property to be determined and annually assessed by the market data and cost approaches to value using appropriate **systematic methods** suitable for mass valuation of properties for taxation purposes, so selected and applied to obtain, as far as possible, **uniform and equalized assessments** throughout the County.

Fair market value A.K.A market value:

If the property had one owner, what would it sell for on June 30, 2022?

MCC 3.48.630

"The assessment made by the director shall be deemed prima facie correct." (Accepted as correct until proven otherwise).

BOR presentations are made when The Division has reviewed the assessment and determined that it meets the requirements of the code.

MCC 3.48.605 Ground for appeal - Level

Taxpayers can appeal their assessed value if they think it is too high.

- O Value should not exceed market value by more than 20%
 - Assessments within the 1% to 20% range will be defended by The Division
- Assessed values and appraisals are opinions
 - Ranges of sale prices and values are expected
 - The real estate market is imperfect and is driven by scarcity

MCC 3.48.605 Grounds for appeal - Level

How do you determine if a property exceeds market value by +20%?

Taxpayer declares a value of \$900,000

Parcel A is assessed for \$990,000

Assessment to taxpayer value ratio \$990,000/\$900,000 is 1.10 or **+10%**

CONCLUSION: Per MCC Parcel A is not over assessed by 20% and therefore is not deemed aggrieved by an assessment.

MCC 3.48.605 Grounds for appeal - Level

This year there are **93** appeals (27% of the value appeals) where the taxpayer believes that we are correct within 20%.

The Division must take these appeals to hearing as they have not met the requirements of the Maui County Code grounds for appeal (assessment greater than 20%).

MCC 3.48.605 Grounds for appeal - Level

How do you determine if a property exceeds market value by +20%?

Comparable sales indicate a value of \$900,000

Parcel B is assessed for \$1,100,000

Assessment to market value ratio \$1,100,000/\$900,000 = 1.22 or +22%

CONCLUSION: Per MCC, Parcel B is over assessed by more than 20% and is therefore deemed aggrieved by an assessment.

MCC 3.48.605 Grounds for appeal - Uniformity

A lack of uniformity occurs when:

- The Division has made an error
 - OEvery property that is 2 acres is valued as 2 acres. One property that is 2 acres is valued as if it has 20 acres
- The Maui County Code was not followed
- The provisions of the Maui County Code were not applied uniformly

MCC 3.48.605 Grounds for appeal - Uniformity

Taxpayer must show that similar properties are assessed at a lower level than their property.

- This is done by presenting assessments of similar properties.
- If a taxpayer is presenting market data such as sales, they are not appealing uniformity, they are appealing value.
- The standard is more than 10% different than the identical property.

The Division will settle if they find that a property under appeal has not been assessed uniformly.

MCC 3.48.150 Uniformity - Leasehold

Per MCC 3.48.150 real property is assessed in its entirety.

O Assessed as if one owner (one ownership position).

Timeshare properties have many ownership positions.

Leasehold properties have at least two ownership positions

- Leased fee owner (collects ground rent)
- Leasehold owner (pays ground rent)

MCC 3.48.150 Uniformity - Leasehold

Example:

The Whaler in Kaanapali has three identical 2 bedroom ocean view units

- 1. #204 is leasehold (leased fee owner and leasehold owner)
- 2. #205 is fee simple (one owner)
- 3. #206 is a timeshare (25 owners)

All three units will have the same assessed value (regardless of ownership).

The condominium parcels are uniformly assessed.

Thank you

Do you have any questions?